

Medium Term Plan Religious Education

Y5/6 Cycle B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Concept						
Theme	Islam	Christmas (The Bible Story)	Life of Jesus	Easter (The Last Supper)	Humanism	Walk Through the Bible
Big Question	How do Muslims practise their faith?	Why are there different versions of the Christmas story?	How is Jesus' example important to Christians?	What is the message of the Last Supper?	What is a Secular World View?	What does the bible say?
?Content	What do Muslim's believe? Who was Muhammad? How did Islam begin? What are the five pillars of Islam? What is the Qur'an? How did Islam spread? How do Muslims pray? What happens in a mosque? Why do Muslim's fast during Ramadan? How do Muslims live their lives? Feast of Eid-ul-fitr (Eid card) How does our school compare to the 'madrasah' – school for Muslim children? Hajj (pilgrimage to Mecca)	Which of the four gospels feature the story of Jesus' birth? What happened during the Christmas story? Told from another viewpoint How do Matthew and Luke's accounts compare and contrast? How do Christians in different countries celebrate Christmas differently? What is the meaning of advent and how to Christians prepare? What are the key truths within both versions of The Christmas Story in the Gospels?	Why was Jesus a special person? How has Jesus' life influenced people through time? Baptism of Jesus. Who was John the Baptist? Why was Jesus baptised? What is a Parable? Why did Jesus tell them? Parable of the Sower (Matthew 13 + Mark 4) Parable of the Lost Sheep (Matthew 18) Parable of the Unforgiving Servant (Matthew 18) Parable of the Wedding Feast (Matthew 22) What was the effect of Jesus on the lives and behaviour of individuals? (Jesus calls 4 fishermen Jesus heals many people The 12 apostles Jesus walks on water)	What is the Last Supper? When is it commemorated by Christians? What is the Eucharist? What are the key events of the Last Supper? What is the significance of Jesus washing the feet of his disciples? What predictions did Jesus make during the meal? How do biblical accounts of the Last Supper compare and contrast?	Rationalism – readiness to listen to contrary arguments. Karl Popper Science – evidence for the universe being billions of years old Evolution (Charles Darwin) Humanist naming ceremonies: celebrating the arrival of a new baby; promises of love and support by family and friends. Happiness as a worthwhile goal. The importance of relationships, exploration and achieving our goals. Accepting individual responsibility to reason about our actions. Moral Principles Reward and Punishment.	What is the structure/ key literature of the Bible? What are the significant elements of the first 80 years in the life of Moses? Who are the three most prominent biblical judges? What are the key elements, including the geography, of the latter stages of the Old Testament through the book of 2 Kings? How is the relevant geography and world history of the Old and New Testaments described? How is the Baptism and early ministry of Jesus described and what is His vocation? How do the Gospels relay the last weeks of Jesus' life? What are the key elements of Jesus' last weeks of life? How did the first Christian church and its early leaders develop a sense of community? What are the missionary journeys and writings of Paul?

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Stories (including bible references) <i>'Making Sense of Life's Experiences'</i>		See Bible References	See Bible References	See Bible References		See Bible References
Celebrations/ Festivals <i>'Words and Beyond'</i>		Christmas		Easter	Holy Trinity Service	
Theme/Concepts from Wirral Syllabus <i>'Big Ideas'</i>	The birth of a child as a blessing (Barakah). The naming of a child. Allah – the Islamic name for the One True God. Allah – is the Creator, provides all good things, His attributes are revealed in the Qur'an, human beings as the best of His creation on Earth, His guidance through Messengers and the Qur'an – the revealed book for Muslims, which is treated with respect.	The Church year. Key events in the life of Jesus and the history of the church and how they are celebrated. Use of song.	Key features of the life of Jesus as told in the Gospels.	Key features of the life of Jesus as told in the Gospels. Jesus is God's son – he suffered, died and rose from death – is still alive and special to Christians.	Diverse ways of finding happiness; there is no one recipe for happiness. The value of science: curiosity and the physical desire for truth (Socrates).	Key features of the life of Jesus as told in the Gospels. The Church year. Key events in the life of Jesus and the history of the church. Teaching about the Kingdom of God in parables and miracles. Evidence of God. Ways of understanding God are revealed and confirmed through the Bible, the teaching of the Church, human experience.
Vocabulary	Allah, Muhammad, creator, Qur'an, creation, respect, five pillars, Arabic, mosque, Ramadan, Eid, imam Eid al-Fitr, Madrasah, pilgrimage, Hajj, Mecca, salat, Kabba, hijab, qubba, Tasbih, minbar, minaret, mihrab	Magi, nativity, advent, Mark, Luke, Gospels, betrothed, Holy Spirit, conceived, prophet, Immanuel, Bethlehem of Judea,	Influenced, baptism, John the Baptist, parable, fable, apostles, didactic, moral significance, comparison,	Maundy Thursday, Passover, Holy Communion, Jerusalem, The Lord's Supper, Eucharist, betrayal, blood, foretell, wine, bread, Judas, disciples, gospel	Rationalism, contrary, evolution, humanist, naming ceremony, promises, relationships, goals, acceptance, responsibility, moral principles, science, non-religious, ethical, atheist, philosophy, morality,	Old Testament, New Testament, Creation, Abraham, Passover, tabernacle, Ten Commandments, Judges, exiled, divide, conquer, promised, baptised, satan, rejection, selection, testimony, transfiguration, cleansing, crucified, resurrected, ascended, persecution, journey